

# 2022 BREAST CANCER STATISTICS IN AUSTRALIA

In 2022, it is predicted that

**20,428 women** & **212 men**

will be diagnosed with breast cancer. This means that approximately **20,640** Australians will be diagnosed with breast cancer in 2022.

## INCIDENCE

ON AVERAGE,

**57**

people will be diagnosed with breast cancer every day.



The incidence rate of women and men being diagnosed with breast cancer in Australia is increasing;

however the mortality rate from breast cancer is decreasing.

THE RISK OF BEING DIAGNOSED WITH BREAST CANCER OVER A LIFETIME IS

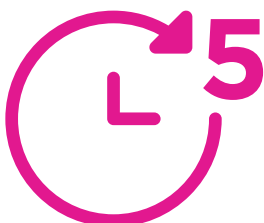
**1 IN 7** FOR WOMEN

**1 IN 555** FOR MEN



Breast cancer is the most common cancer diagnosed in Australian women. It is estimated that breast cancer will account for approximately **28 PER CENT** of all new cancers in Australian women in 2022.

## SURVIVAL



The chance of surviving at least five years (five-year relative survival) has increased from **77.3 per cent in 1989-1993** TO **91.8 per cent in 2014-2018.**



The chance of surviving at least 10 years (10-year relative survival) is **86.7 per cent.**

Australia has one of the best breast cancer survival rates in the world.

Increasing survival is due to earlier diagnosis through screening and improved treatments.



It is estimated, that at the end of 2017, there were **242,083**

women who were alive and had been diagnosed with breast cancer between 1982 and 2017.

**WOMEN LIVING IN RURAL AND REMOTE AREAS, YOUNGER (PRE-MENOPAUSAL) WOMEN, MEN AND FIRST PEOPLES OFTEN HAVE POORER OUTCOMES.**

## MORTALITY



Breast cancer accounts for **14.6 PER CENT** of all cancer deaths in Australian women and is currently the second leading cause of cancer death in Australian women after lung cancer.

IN 2022, IT IS ESTIMATED THAT **3,178 women** & **36 men** WILL DIE FROM BREAST CANCER.

## RISK



THE RISK OF BEING DIAGNOSED WITH BREAST CANCER INCREASES WITH AGE.

APPROXIMATELY **80 PER CENT** OF NEW CASES OF BREAST CANCER ARE IN WOMEN AGED 50 OR ABOVE.

Approximately **5 PER CENT** of breast cancers are due to a strong family history or genetic mutation, such as BRCA1 or BRCA2.

### THE FUTURE

Given the ageing population, the number of women diagnosed with breast cancer is expected to continue to increase each year.